

Slide this drill set under Marteena 308's door any time *before* 7:50 AM Friday, March 17, or give it to me in Marteena 312 *by* 8:00 AM that day. For each problem, use one different equation from the Block 8 objectives.

1. A wave has wavelength 1.415 m. Find its wave number to three significant figures.

ONE EQUATION USED

ANSWER

=	Given: $\lambda = 1.415$ m. Solution:	Wanted: _____	= _____ rad/m
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2. The wave function for a traveling wave on a wire is  $y = 2.22 \text{ mm} \cos([4.44 \text{ rad/m}]x + [1110 \text{ rad/s}]t)$ .

To find the needed values for this problem and for Problem 2 below, **compare this given wave function to**  $y(x,t) = A \cos(kx - \omega t)$  **or to**  $y(x,t) = A \cos(kx + \omega t)$ . Then use **one other equation** to calculate the wave speed. Also, use the sign in the phase to determine the direction (+x, -x, +y, -y, +z, or -z) that the wave is moving.

ONE OTHER EQUATION USED

SOLUTION

ANSWER

=	By comparison, $\lambda =$ _____ and $\omega =$ _____.		_____ WAVE SPEED  _____ DIRECTION
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3. Now use another single equation to calculate the frequency of the traveling wave in Problem 2 above.

Hint: Do **not** use the wave speed.

ONE OTHER EQUATION USED

SOLUTION

ANSWER

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4. What tension would you need to have a transverse wave speed of 559 miles per hour = 900 km/h = 250 m/s on a wire of mass 9.42 g, weight 0.0924 N, length 2.83 m, and mass per length  $3.33 \times 10^{-3}$  kg/m ?

ONE EQUATION USED

SOLUTION

ANSWER

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5. On a 2.83 m long wire fixed at both ends, you set up a standing 176.7 Hz wave. Each antinode is 0.354 m away from its neighboring node. Find the wave speed of the two traveling waves that make up this standing wave.

ONE EQUATION USED

SOLUTION

ANSWER

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